**Table 1. Diversity of bats circulating in Northeast Brazil included in the study, along with their respective test for the *Coronaviridae* (pan-CoV) viral target.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Bat species** | ***n (2022)***  ***OS*** | ***n (2022)***  ***RS*** | ***n (2023)***  ***OS*** | ***n (2023)***  ***RS*** | **Location** | **PCR assays** |
| *Artibeus jamaicensis* | 2 | 2 |  |  | North | - |
| *Artibeus lituratus* | 2 | 2 |  |  | North | - |
|  |  | 6 | 8 | West | - |
|  |  | 3 | 1 | West | **+** |
| *Carollia perspicillata* | 2 | 2 |  |  | North | - |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | North | - |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | West | - |
| *Cormura brevirostris* |  |  | 1 | 1 | East | - |
| *Desmodus rotundus* |  |  | 1 | 1 | East | - |
| *Eumops glaucinus* | 1 | 1 |  |  | West | - |
| *Eumops perotis* |  |  | 11 | 11 | East | - |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | North | - |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | South | - |
|  |  | 2 | 2 | West | - |
| *Glossophaga soricina* |  |  | 1 | 1 | East | - |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | North | - |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | West | - |
| *Molossidae*  (*Unidentified species*) |  |  | 1 | 1 | East | - |
| *Molossus molossus* |  | 1 |  |  | East | **+** |
| 48 | 48 | 37 | 37 | East | - |
| 12 | 12 | 22 | 23 | North | - |
|  |  | 1 |  | North | **+** |
|  |  | 5 | 5 | South | - |
| 22 | 23 | 12 | 13 | West | - |
| *Noctilio leporinus* |  |  | 1 | 1 | North | - |
| *Peropteryx macrotis* | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | East | - |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | West | - |
| *Phylloderma stenops* | 1 | 1 |  |  | East | - |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | North | - |
| *Promops nasutus* | 1 | 1 |  |  | South | - |
| *Sturnira lilium* | 1 | 1 |  |  | East | - |
| *Uroderma bilobatum* |  |  | 1 | 1 | East | - |
| **Total** | **95** | **97** | **115** | **116** |  | **6** |

|  |
| --- |
|  |

**Abbreviations:** OS, oral swab; RS; rectal swab.

**Additional information:** The samples were also tested for: *Flaviviridae* (pan-FlaviV) and *Orthomyxoviridae* (pan-FluA), and all samples were negative for both.

Rhabdovirus.

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